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## USA GRAIN WEATHER 3/27/15

The active and somewhat wet pattern will continue for another 7 to 10 days then it looks like it will shut off for while. There is strong model agreement about the significant rains coming over the next 5 e days for large portions of the dry areas of Kansas and eastern Colorado as well as more significant rain coming in for Missouri Oklahoma Arkansas and southwestern Illinois. The rains begin to shift southward in the 6 to 10 day because of the change in the jet stream pattern over Western Canada with most the rains falling south of Interstate 70. The morning GFS models here very inconsistent -- as these models have their significant rains falling over for Texas and Oklahoma panhandles into southeastern Kansas -leaving western Kansas dry. This solution is not even supported by the GFS own ensembles ...so we are ignoring the GFS in the 6-10 day and going with the European model.

The pattern clearly turns drier in the 11 to 15 day but the issue is whether not the wet pattern is going to return as we move into the heart of April and clearly the data seems to suggest that.

## RAINFALL LAST 3DAYS

This image shows the total rainfall from Friday into Monday morning... covering the entire weekend. As you can see large portions of ARK/ MO / northeast TX / eastern third of KS/ southern half of IA saw anywhere from 1-3"/ $25-75 \mathrm{~mm}$ with 70 to $80 \%$ coverage..
Additional somewhat lighter rains of $0.5-1.5$ "/ $12-38 \mathrm{~mm}$ with $60 \%$ coverage can be found over AL TN KY OH IND MI and over central and eastern NEB/ eastern COL. Notice that most of western and southern KS the entire western half of OK and TX were completely rain free.


4 km HRAP grid | End of hydrological day at 1200 UTC | http://water.weather.gov/precip

This next image shows the total rainfall and last 24 hours.. ending as of 0700 CDT. Rains of $0.25-1.0 " / 6-25 \mathrm{~mm}$ with $60 \%$ coverage fell in last 24 hours over eastern KS / northwest half of ARK and the southern half of MO. Rainfall amounts of $0.25-0.75 \mathrm{~m} / 6-20 \mathrm{~mm}$ with $75 \%+$ coverage fell over IND / OH/ MI and the northeast third of KY. There was a moderate area of rain over western portions of SD of 0.25-0.75"/-20mm.

NWS Precipitation Analysis 4-km HRAP Grid -- 1-day Total Accumulation
Domain Max: 2.7 in.
Total Precipitation [inches] between 12Z26MAR2017 -- 12Z27MAR2017


4 km HRAP grid | End of hydrological day at 1200 UTC | http://water.weather.gov/precip

## RADAR http://radar.weather.gov/Conus/full.php

The mid morning radar shows moderate to heavy rains and embedded thunderstorms over $70 \%$ of MO and the southwest third of ILL. There are additional rains and some snow in New England and ME and moderate rain snow over portions of NV and UT.

## NEXT 5 DAYS



The active weather pattern will continue for the next 5 days. The pattern remains dominated strongly by the e Pacific jet which is being enhanced as it moves into the eastern Pacific. The position of the large UPPER LOW over Alaska and a strong RIDGE to the northeast of Hawaii is forcing the Pacific jet to constricted as it comes eastward passing between both of these features. As a result ...the Pacific jet is very strong or enhanced when it reaches the West coast of North America. This results in a persistent trough over California and the southwestern states with areas of LOW pressure coming out of this trough bringing moderate to heavy rains to various portions of the Plains and Midwest

The weather models are in pretty good agreement over the next 5 days with regard to rainfall amounts and coverage. As you can see the GFS and the Europeans seem to have a concentrated area of $2-5 " / 50-125 \mathrm{~mm}$ rains centered over central and northeastern OK/ far southeastern KS/ western \& central MO ...
perhaps reaching into western portions of ILL. There are some secondary area of 1-3" $/ 25-75 \mathrm{~mm}$ rain over MS \& AL. In addition KS sees significant rains of $0.75-2.0$ "/ $20-509 \mathrm{~mm}$ with 60 to $70 \%$ coverage. Notice that 1) western TX / Texas panhandle does not see significant rain in this pattern and 2) that most the rain does not reach for north of interstate 80 . The rainfall coverage in the ECB is also pretty good with amounts range from $0.75-1.5$ / $/ 20-75 \mathrm{~mm}$ and coverage of $60 \%$ and the rainfall anomalies are also quite impressive with $300 \%$ rainfall anomalies over the next 5 days across eastern COL / western KS and 150 to $300 \%$ rainfall anomalies covering the rest of the central Plains into central TX ... across MO and most of the Midwest.


## 6-10 DAY

The overall pattern does not really change in the 6-10 day. The Pacific jet stream remains quite strong but we are beginning to see a bit of a Ridge develop over Western Canada. Even though the mean trough position is still over the SW states and Texas ... the Ridge over western Canada will shift the rains south and east... with most of the rain in the 6-10DAY staying south of Interstate 70.


The operational GFS models at $0 z$ and $6 z$ clearly have most of the rain south of $I-70$ but there are also have significant gaps in the rainfall coverage. Both of these models also have significant rains into the TX and OK Panhandles. Notice that both models have significant rainfall gaps in the coverage across MO and western KS and over significant portion of the Southeastern states. On the other hand both models have significant rains up to 4 to $10^{\prime \prime} 100-250 \mathrm{~mm}$ over southern ARK Northeast TX and much of LA and western MS.

The $0 z$ and $6 z$ GFS ensemble are much more uniform and make better sense. Notice of both models have significant or heaviest rains
over central and Eastern Texas Louisiana Mississippi and Southern Arkansas and they also do not have large gaps the rainfall coverage over Missouri northwestern Kansas and over the southeastern states.



Not surprisingly the European model seems to make a lot more sense and it also has significant differences from the GFS models. To begin with all of TX and western OK is either dry or almost dry on the European operational model and on the ensemble. The models agree that there is going to be a widespread $0.75-1.5$ " $/ 20-35 \mathrm{~mm}$ rains over eastern COL / most of KS / the southern half of NEB.

Also the European operational and it's ensemble are much strong agreement and have a more uniform rain shield. The only real discrepancy is the amount of rain which falls north of $1-70$ over the ECB.



Significant changes in the jet stream pattern force the surface weather patterns to turn drier. The models develop a fairly strong ridge in the jet stream over the western U.S. This places the mean trough over the East Coast. As a result rainy pattern over the central lower Plains and much of the Midwest shuts off and they shifted well to the south and east.

Here the GFS ensemble at $0 z$ and $6 z$ as well as the European ensemble are compared and we can clearly see a shift in the rainfall patterns east of Mississippi River. Only the Delta area west of the Mississippi on these models see some rain..and even there the rainfall amounts are not that significant. The central Plains and WCB are not completely dry But they certainly see less rain then what they'll see all the next five days or in the 6-10 DAY

120 Hour Total Precipitation (in Valid: $00 z$ Thu 06 Apr 2017 - 00z Tue 11 Apr 2017
${ }^{96 \mathrm{~W}}{ }^{93 \mathrm{~F}} \mathrm{StormVis} 120$ Hour Total Precipitation (in)
120 Hour Total Precipitation (in)
Valid: $00 z$ Thu 06 Apr $2017-00 z$ Tue Valid: $00 z$ Thu 06 Apr 2017 - 00z Tue 11 Apr 2017



